Group	1	Operational Performance Test	7-1
Group	2	Major Components	7-21
Group	3	Track and Work Equipment	7-36

GROUP 1 OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST

1. PURPOSE

Performance tests are used to check :

1) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A NEW MACHINE

Whenever a new machine is delivered in parts and reassembled at a customer's site, it must be tested to confirm that the operational performance of the machine meets HD Hyundai Construction Equipment spec.

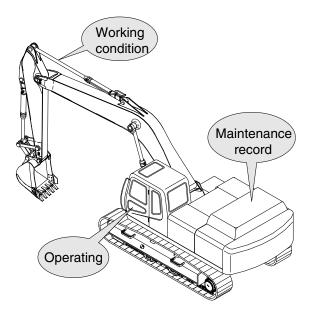
2) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A WORKING MACHINE

With the passage of time, the machine's operational performance deteriorates, so that the machine needs to be serviced periodically to restore it to its original performance level.

Before servicing the machine, conduct performance tests to check the extent of deterioration, and to decide what kind of service needs to be done(by referring to the "Service Limits" in this manual).

3) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A REPAIRED MACHINE

After the machine is repaired or serviced, it must be tested to confirm that its operational performance was restored by the repair and/or service work done.

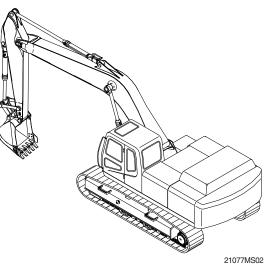


21077MS01

2. TERMINOLOGY

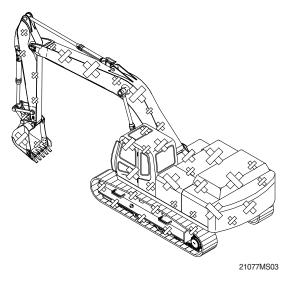
1) STANDARD

Specifications applied to the brand-new machine, components and parts.



2) SERVICE LIMIT

The lowest acceptable performance level. When the performance level of the machine falls below this level, the machine must be removed from work and repaired. Necessary parts and components must be replaced.



3. OPERATION FOR PERFORMANCE TESTS

1) Observe the following rules in order to carry out performance tests accurately and safely.

(1) The machine

Repair any defects and damage found, such as oil or water leaks, loose bolts, cracks and so on, before starting to test.

(2) Test area

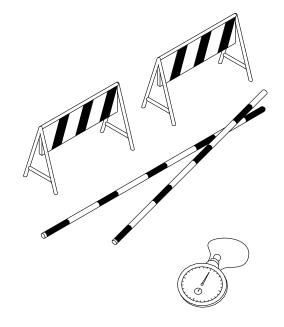
- 1 Select a hard, flat surface.
- ② Secure enough space to allow the machine to run straight more than 20 m, and to make a full swing with the front attachment extended.
- ③ If required, rope off the test area and provide signboards to keep unauthorized personnel away.

(3) Precautions

- Before starting to test, agree upon the signals to be employed for communication among coworkers. Once the test is started, be sure to communicate with each other using these signals, and to follow them without fail.
- ② Operate the machine carefully and always give first priority to safety.
- ③ While testing, always take care to avoid accidents due to landslides or contact with high voltage power lines. Always confirm that there is sufficient space for full swings.
- ④ Avoid polluting the machine and the ground with leaking oil. Use oil pans to catch escaping oil. Pay special attention to this when removing hydraulic pipings.

(4) Make precise measurements

- ① Accurately calibrate test instruments in advance to obtain correct data.
- ⁽²⁾ Carry out tests under the exact test conditions prescribed for each test item.
- ③ Repeat the same test and confirm that the test data obtained can be procured repeatedly. Use mean values of measurements if necessary.



(210-7) 7-3

2) ENGINE SPEED

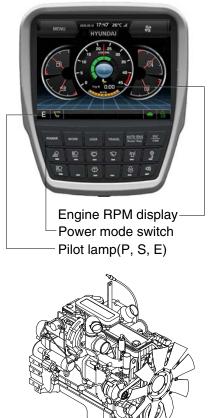
- (1) Measure the engine speed at each power mode
- * The engine speed at each power mode must meet standard RPM; if not, all other operational performance data will be unreliable. It is essential to perform this test first.

(2) Preparation

- Warm up the machine, until the engine coolant temperature reaches 50°C or more, and the hydraulic oil is 50±5°C.
- ② Set the accel dial at 10 (Max) position.
- ③ Measure the engine RPM.

(3) Measurement

- Start the engine. The engine will run at start idle speed. Measure engine speed with a engine rpm display.
- ② Measure and record the engine speed at each mode (P, S, E).
- ③ Select the P-mode.
- ④ Lightly operate the bucket control lever a few times, then return the control lever to neutral; The engine will automatically enter the auto-idle speed after 4 seconds.
- ⑤ Measure and record the auto deceleration speed.



CLUSTER

380A7MS01A

(4) Evaluation

The measured speeds should meet the following specifications.

Unit : rpm

Model	Engine speed	Standard	Remarks
	Start idle	900±100	
	P mode	1700±50	
HX380A L	S mode	1600±50	
HAJOUA L	E mode	1500±50	
	Auto decel	1000±100	
	One touch decel	900±100	

Condition : Set the accel dial at 10 (Max) position.

3) TRAVEL SPEED

(1) Measure the time required for the excavator to travel a 20 m test track.

(2) Preparation

- ① Adjust the tension of both tracks to be equal.
- ② Prepare a flat and solid test track 20m in length, with extra length of 3 to 5 m on both ends for machine acceleration and deceleration.
- ③ Hold the bucket 0.3 to 0.5 m above the ground with the arm and bucket rolled in.
- (4) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}C$.

(3) Measurement

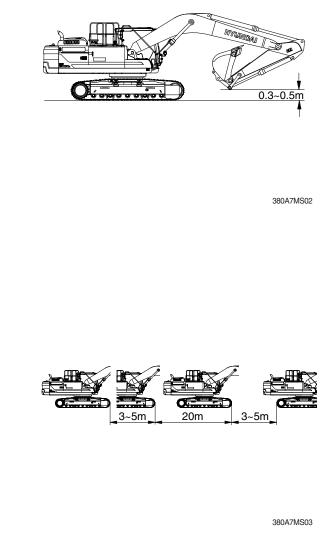
- ① Measure both the low and high speeds of the machine.
- ② Before starting either the low or high speed tests, adjust the travel mode switch to the speed to be tested, then select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ③ Start traveling the machine in the acceleration zone with the travel levers at full stroke.
- ④ Measure the time required to travel 20 m.
- ⑤ After measuring the forward travel speed, turn the upperstructure 180° and measure the reverse travel speed.
- 6 Repeat steps ④ and ⑤ three times in each direction and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The average measured time should meet the following specifications.

Unit : Seconds / 20 m

Model	Travel speed	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	1 Speed	23.2±2.0	27.3	
HX380A L	2 Speed	14.4±1.0	16.4	



4) TRACK REVOLUTION SPEED

(1) Measure the track revolution cycle time with the track raised off ground.

(2) Preparation

- Adjust the tension of both side tracks to be equal.
- ② On the track to be measured, mark one shoe with chalk.
- ③ Swing the upperstructure 90° and lower the bucket to raise the track off ground. Keep the boom-arm angle between 90 to 110° as shown. Place blocks under machine frame.
- (4) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}C$.

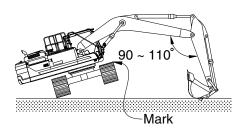
(3) Measurement

- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Travel mode switch : 1 or 2 speed
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- · Auto idle switch : OFF
- ② Operate the travel control lever of the raised track in full forward and reverse.
- ③ Rotate 1 turn, then measure time taken for next 3 revolutions.
- ④ Raise the other side of machine and repeat the procedure.
- ⑤ Repeat steps ③ and ④ three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The revolution cycle time of each track should meet the following specifications.

		U	Init : Seconds / 3 revolutions
Model	Travel speed	Standard	Maximum allowable
HX380A L	1 Speed	33±2.0	42.5
	2 Speed	25.5±2.0	25.5



380A7MS04

5) TRAVEL DEVIATION

 Measure the deviation by the tracks from a 20 m straight line.

(2) Preparation

- Adjust the tension of both tracks to be equal.
- ② Provide a flat, solid test yard 20 m in length, with extra length of 3 to 5 m on both ends for machine acceleration and deceleration.
- ③ Hold the bucket 0.3 to 0.5 m above the ground with the arm and bucket rolled in.
- (4) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

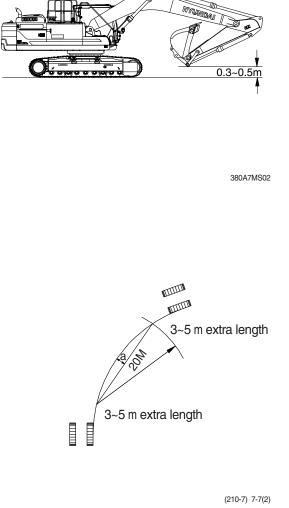
- ① Measure the amount of mistracking at high and low travel speeds.
- ② Before beginning each test, select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ③ Start traveling the machine in the acceleration zone with the travel levers at full stroke.
- ④ Measure the distance between a straight
 20 m line and the track made by the machine. (Dimension a)
- ⑤ After measuring the tracking in forward travel, turn the upperstructure 180 °and measure that in reverse travel.
- 6 Repeat steps ④ and ⑤ three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

Mistrack should be within the following specifications.

Unit : mm / 20 m

Model	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
HX380A L	200 below	250	-



6) SWING SPEED

(1) Measure the time required to swing three complete turns.

(2) Preparation

- ① Check the lubrication of the swing gear and swing bearing.
- ② Place the machine on flat, solid ground with ample space for swinging. Do not conduct this test on slopes.
- ③ With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin. The bucket must be empty.
- (4) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

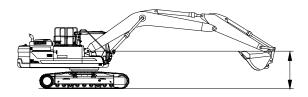
- 1 Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Operate swing control lever fully.
- ③ Swing 1 turn and measure time taken to swing next 3 revolutions.
- ④ Repeat steps ② and ③ three time and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The time required for 3 swings should meet the following specifications.

Unit : Seconds / 3 revolutions

Model	Power mode switch	Standard	Maximum allowable
HX380A L	P mode	19.0±1.5	23.9



380A7MS05

7) SWING FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK

 Measure the swing drift on the bearing outer circumference when stopping after a 360° full speed swing.

(2) Preparation

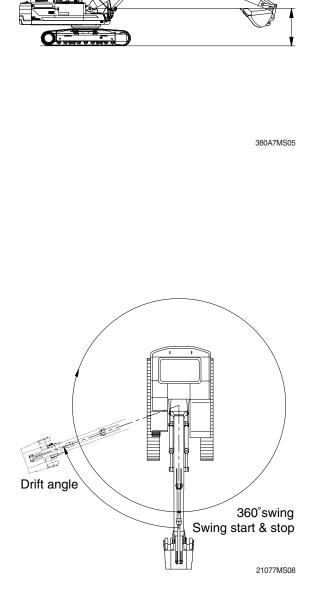
- Check the lubrication of the swing gear and swing bearing.
- ② Place the machine on flat, solid ground with ample space for swinging. Do not conduct this test on slopes.
- ③ With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin. The bucket must be empty.
- ④ Make two chalk marks: one on the swing bearing and one directly below it on the track frame.
- 5 Swing the upperstructure 360°.
- 6 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.

(3) Measurement

- 1 Conduct this test in the M mode.
- ② Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ③ Operate the swing control lever fully and return it to the neutral position when the mark on the upperstructure aligns with that on track frame after swinging 360 °
- ④ Measure the distance between the two marks.
- ⑤ Align the marks again, swing 360°, then test the opposite direction.
- 6 Repeat steps 4 and 5 three times each and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured drift angle should be within the following specifications.



Unit : Degree

Model	Power mode switch	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
HX380A L	P mode	90 below	112.5	

8) SWING BEARING PLAY

 Measure the swing bearing play using a dial gauge to check the wear of bearing races and balls.

(2) Preparation

- ① Check swing bearing mounting cap screws for loosening.
- ② Check the lubrication of the swing bearing. Confirm that bearing rotation is smooth and without noise.
- ③ Install a dial gauge on the track frame as shown, using a magnetic base.
- ④ Position the upperstructure so that the boom aligns with the tracks facing towards the front idlers.
- ⑤ Position the dial gauge so that its needle point comes into contact with the bottom face of the bearing outer race.
- 6 Bucket should be empty.

(3) Measurement

- With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bottom face of the bucket to the same height of the boom foot pin. Record the dial gauge reading (h1).
- ② Lower the bucket to the ground and use it to raise the front idler 50 cm.

Record the dial gauge reading (h2).

 ③ Calculate bearing play (H) from this data (h1 and h2) as follows.
 H=h2-h1

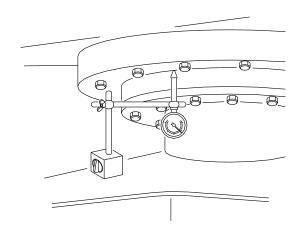
(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

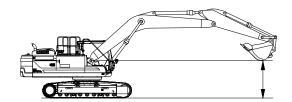
Unit : mm

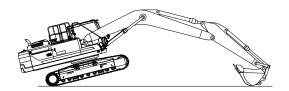
380A7MS06

Model	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
HX380A L	0.5 ~ 1.5	3.0	



(210-7) 7-10(1)





9) HYDRAULIC CYLINDER CYCLE TIME

(1) Measure the cycle time of the boom, standard arm, and standard bucket cylinders.

(2) Preparation

① To measure the cycle time of the boom cylinders:

With the arm rolled out and the empty bucket rolled out, lower the bucket to the ground, as shown.

② To measure the cycle time of the arm cylinder.

With the empty bucket rolled in, position the arm so that it is vertical to the ground. Lower the boom until the bucket is 0.5 m above the ground.

③ To measure the cycle time of the bucket cylinder.

The empty bucket should be positioned at midstroke between roll-in and roll-out, so that the sideplate edges are vertical to the ground.

(4) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

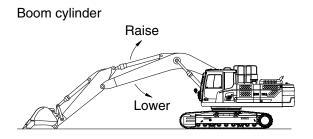
(3) Measurement

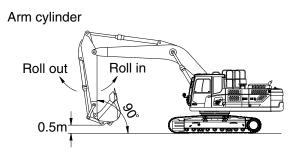
- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② To measure cylinder cycle times.
- Boom cylinders.

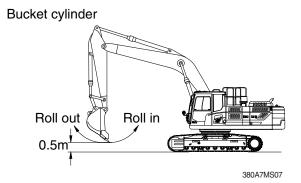
Measure the time it takes to raise the boom, and the time it takes to lower the boom. To do so, position the boom at one stroke end then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

- Arm cylinder.

Measure the time it takes to roll in the arm, and the time it takes to roll out the arm. To do so, position the bucket at one stroke end, then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.







- Bucket cylinders

Measure the time it takes to roll in the bucket, and the time it takes to roll out the bucket. To do so, position the bucket at one stroke end, then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

- Repeat each measurement 3 times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The average measured time should meet the following specifications.

Unit : Seconds

Model	Function	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom raise	3.9±0.4	4.8	
	Boom lower	2.5±0.4	3.6	
HX380A L	Arm in	3.2±0.4	3.9	
	Arm out	3.1±0.3	3.4	
	Bucket load	2.8±0.4	3.6	
	Bucket dump	2.4±0.3	3.5	

10) DIG FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK

 Measure dig function drift, which can be caused by oil leakage in the control valve and boom, standard arm, and standard bucket cylinders, with the loaded bucket.
 When testing the dig function drift just after cylinder replacement, slowly operate each cylinder to its stroke end to purge air.

(2) Preparation

- Load bucket fully. Instead of loading the bucket, weight(W) of the following specification can be used.
- W=M³×1.5

Where :

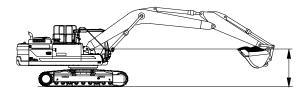
M³ = Bucket heaped capacity (m³)

1.5=Soil specific gravity

- ② Position the arm cylinder with the rod 20 to 30 mm extended from the fully retracted position.
- ③ Position the bucket cylinder with the rod 20 to 30 mm retracted from the fully extended position.
- ④ With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin.
- (5) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- 1 Stop the engine.
- ② Five minutes after the engine has been stopped, measure the changes in the positions of the boom, arm and bucket cylinders.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.
- (4) The measured drift should be within the following specifications.



380A7MS08

Model	Drift to be measured	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom cylinder	10 below	15	
HX380A L	Arm cylinder	10 below	15	
	Bucket cylinder	40 below	50	

11) CONTROL LEVER OPERATING FORCE

 Use a spring scale to measure the maximum resistance of each control lever at the middle of the grip.

(2) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- 1 Start the engine.
- 2 Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ③ Operate each boom, arm, bucket and swing lever at full stroke and measure the maximum operating force for each.
- ④ Lower the bucket to the ground to raise one track off the ground. Operate the travel lever at full stroke and measure the maximum operating force required. When finished, lower the track and then jack-up the other track.
- ⑤ Repeat steps ③ and ④ three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured operating force should be within the following specifications.

Unit : kgf

Model	Kind of lever	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom lever	1.3 or below	1.7	
	Arm lever	1.3 or below	1.7	
HX380A L	Bucket lever	1.3 or below	1.7	
	Swing lever	1.3 or below	1.7	
	Travel lever	2.1 or below	3.15	

12) CONTROL LEVER STROKE

- (1) Measure each lever stroke at the lever top using a ruler.
- When the lever has play, take a half of this value and add it to the measured stroke.

(2) Preparation

Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- 1 Stop the engine.
- ② Measure each lever stroke at the lever top from neutral to the stroke end using a ruler.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

Model	Kind of lever	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom lever	90±10	115	
	Arm lever	90±10	115	
HX380A L	Bucket lever	90±10	115	
	Swing lever	90±10	115	
	Travel lever	142±10	178	

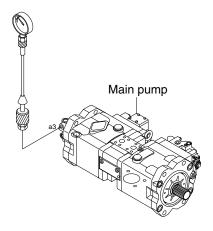
13) PILOT PRIMARY PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- ① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.
- ② Loosen the hose on the a3 port of the pilot pump delivery port and connect pressure gauge.

(2) Measurement

- 1 Select the following switch positions.
- Power mode switch : P mode
- · Auto decel switch : OFF
- 2 Measure the primary pilot pressure by the pressure gauge.



(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should meet the following specifications:

Unit: kgf/cm²

400A7MS09

				<u> </u>
Model	Engine speed	Standard	Allowable limits	Remarks
HX380A L	P mode	40 ⁺²	-	

14) FOR TRAVEL SPEED SELECTING PRESSURE:

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Loosen the cap and relieve the pressure in the tank by pushing the top of the air breather.
- ③ To measure the speed selecting pressure: Install a connector and pressure gauge
- ④ assembly to turning joint P port as shown. Start the engine and check for on leakage from the adapter.
- (5) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}C$.

(2) Measurement

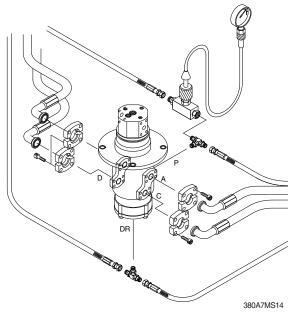
- 1 Select the following switch positions.
- Power mode switch : P mode
- · Travel mode switch : 1 speed
 - 2 speed
- ② Measure the travel speed selecting pressure in the Hi or Lo mode.
- ③ Lower the bucket to the ground to raise the track off the ground. Operate the travel lever at full stroke and measure the fast speed pressure.
- ④ Repeat steps ② and ③ three times and calculate the average values.

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

Unit: kgf/cm²

Model	Travel speed mode	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	1 Speed	0	-	
HX380A L	2 Speed	40±5	-	



15) SWING PARKING BRAKE RELEASING PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- 1 Stop the engine.
- ② Loosen the cap and relieve the pressure in the tank by pushing the top of the air breather.
- ③ The pressure release L wrench to bleed air.
- ④ Install a connector and pressure gauge assembly to swing motor SH (or PG) port, as shown.
- (5) Start the engine and check for oil leakage from the adapter.
- 6 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

- 1 Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Operate the swing function or arm roll in function and measure the swing brake control pressure with the brake disengaged. Release the control lever to return to neutral and measure the control pressure when the brake is applied.

Repeat step O three times and calculate the average values.

(3) Evaluation

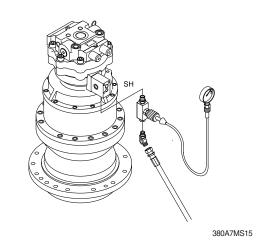
The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

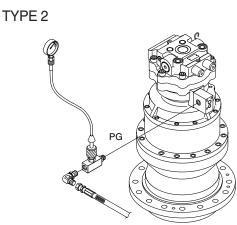
Unit: kgf/cm²

320A7MS15

Model	Description	Standard	Allowable limits	Remarks
HX380A L	Brake disengaged	40	31~49	
	Brake applied	0	-	

TYPE 1





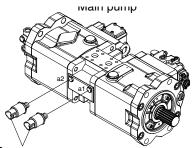
16) MAIN PUMP DELIVERY PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

- 1 Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Measure the main pump delivery pressure in the P mode (high idle).



Pressure sensor



Cluster

330A7MS16

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should meet the following specifications.

Unit : kgf / cm²

Model	Engine speed	Standard	Allowable limits	Remarks
HX380A L	High idle	40±5	-	

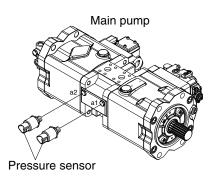
17) SYSTEM PRESSURE REGULATOR RELIEF SETTING

(1) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

- 1 Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Slowly operate each control lever of boom, arm and bucket functions at full stroke over relief and measure the pressure.
- ③ In the swing function, place bucket against an immovable object and measure the relief pressure.
- ④ In the travel function, lock undercarriage with an immovable object and measure the relief pressure.





330A7MS16

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

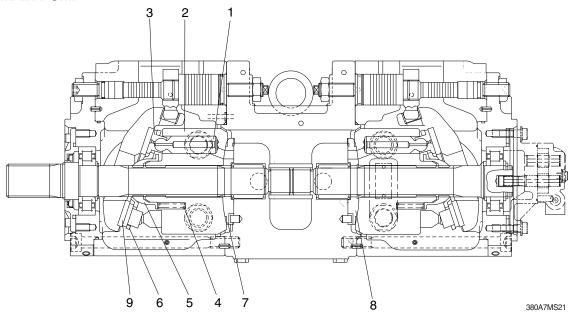
Unit : kgf / cm²

Model	Function to be tested	Standard	Port relief setting
	Boom, Arm, Bucket	350 (380)±10	390±10
HX380 L	Travel	360±10	-
	Swing	300±10	-

(): Power boost

GROUP 2 MAJOR COMPONENT

1. MAIN PUMP



Part name &	inspection item	Standard dimension	Recommended replacement value	Counter measures
Clearance between piston(1) & cylinder bore(2) (D-d)		0.043	0.070	Replace piston or cylinder.
Play between piston(1) & shoe caulking section(3) (δ)		0-0.1	0.3	Replace assembly of
Thickness of shoe (t)		5.4	5.0	piston & shoe.
Free height of cylinder spring(4) (L)		47.9	47.1	Replace cylinder spring.
Combined height of set plate(5) & spherical bushing(6) (H-h)	H H	23.8	22.8	Replace retainer or set plate.
Surface roughness for valve plate (sliding face)	Surface roughness necessary to be corrected	3	Bz	
(7,8), swash plate (shoe plate area) (9), & cylinder(2) (sliding face)	Standard surface roughness (corrected value)	0.4z c	or lower	Lapping

2. MAIN CONTROL VALVE

1) PART INSPECTION

Part name	Inspection item	Criteria & measure
Casing	• Existence of scratches, rust or corrosion.	 In case of damage in following section, replace part.
		 Sliding section of casing hole and spool, especially land sections applied with held pressure. Surface of spool and spring cover where O-ring contacts. Sealing section of port where O-ring contacts. Sealing section of each relief valve for main and port. Sealing section of plug. Other damages that may damage normal function.
Spool	 Existence of scratch, gnawing, rusting or corrosion. 	 Replacement when its outside sliding section has scratch (especially on seal- contacting section).
	· O-ring seal sections at both ends.	 Replacement when its sliding section has scratch.
	 Insert spool into casing hole, rotate and reciprocate it. 	 Correction or replacement when O-ring is damaged or when spool does not move smoothly.
Poppet	· Damage of spring	· In case spring has damage, replace it.
	· Damage of poppet	 Correction or replacement when sealing is incomplete.
	· Insert poppet into casing and operate it.	 Normal when it can function lightly and smoothly without sticking.
Spring and related parts	 Rusting, corrosion, deformation or breakage of spring, spring seat, plug or cover. 	· Replacement for significant damage.
Around seal for	· External oil leakage.	· Correction or replacement.
spool	 Rusting, corrosion or deformation of seal plate. 	· Correction or replacement.
Main relief valve,	· External rusting or damage.	· Replacement.
port relief valve, negative control	· Contacting face of valve seat.	· Replacement in case of damage.
relief valve	· Contacting face of poppet.	· Replacement in case of damage.
	· Abnormal spring.	· Replacement.
	· O-rings, back up rings & seals	· Replacement in principle.

2) TROUBLESHOOTING

(1) General

- ① When any abnormal phenomenon is noticed, investigate whether it is a failure of the control valve itself or a problem in the pump proper, third pump or the circuit. For this purpose, the pilot pressure, pump discharge pressure, load pressure, etc. should be measured. Besides, when disassembling and checking is carried out even partly, follow the above-mentioned disassembling and assembling procedures.
- ② Since dust is very harmful to hydraulic components, pay full attention to dust prevention. Even for partial disassembling, take measures for dust prevention.
- ③ Handle movable parts carefully. If damaged even slightly, correct the damage with an oil stone or something.
- ④ Work carefully not to damage the gasket surfaces for O-rings. These damages are sure to cause oil leakage.

Phenomenon	Estimated cause	Remedy
1.Machine does	1) Main relief valve malfunctions.	1) Measure pressure of main relief valve.
neither travel nor swing, functions at low speed	\cdot Existence of scratches, rust or corrosion.	 Disassemble valve and clean parts. Replace assembly, if damaged severely.
(insufficient force)	\cdot Dirt is included between poppet and seat	· The same as above
or responds slowly.	· Clogging of main poppet restrictor	· The same as above
olomy!	· Sticking of main poppet	· Replace main relief valve
	· Breakage or wear of spring	· Replace main relief valve
	· Loosening of adjusting screw	 Make readjustment, and tighten the lock nut to specified torque.
2. Cylinder falls much by its weight	1) Excessive clearance between casing and spool	1) Replacement of spool
when spool is neutral.	 Spool does not return to correct neutral position. 	2) Measure secondary pilot pressure.
(Boom cylinder or arm cylinder falls	\cdot Dirt is included between casing and spool.	 Disassemble valve and clean parts. Replace assembly, if damaged severely.
much)	\cdot Casing and spool are stuck together.	 Correct stuck section with oilstone, or replace.
	· Spring is broken or fatigued.	· Replace spring.
	· Pilot line is clogged with dirt.	· Remove dirt.
	 Port relief valve malfunctions. (See 1. 1) above.) 	3) Measure pressure of port relief valve. (See 1. 1) above.)
	 Lock valve assy malfunctions (arm, boom). 	4) Replace lock valve assy.
	5) Lock valve poppet malfunctions	5)
	\cdot Dirt is included between poppet and casing.	 Disassemble poppet and clean parts. Replace poppet, if damaged severely.
	· Poppet is stuck.	 Correct stuck section with oilstone, or replace.
	· Spring is broken or fatigued.	· Replace spring.

(2) Control valve

Phenomenon	Estimated cause	Remedy
3. Simultaneous operation of travel	1) Travel straight spool malfunctions.	1) Measurement of pilot secondary pressure.
and other attachments causes fluctuation without	· Sticking of spool.	 Disassemble assembly and clean parts. Replace spool, if damaged severely.
traveling straight.	· Breakage or wear of spring.	· Replace spool.
	 Excessive clearance between casing and spool. 	· Replace spool.
4. When lever is	Load check valve malfunctions.	
turned to cylinder hoisting, it falls at beginning.	· Dirt is included between poppet and casing.	 Disassemble valve and clean parts. Replace poppet, if damaged severely.
	· Poppet is stuck.	 Correct stuck section with oilstone, or replace poppet.
	· Spring is broken or fatigued.	· Replace spring.
5. Bucket, boom,	1) Main spool malfunctions.	1) Measure secondary pilot pressure.
and arm only do not work. Action is slow	 Clearance between casing and spool is excessive. 	· Replace spool.
(insufficient force) or	 Dirt is included between casing and spool. 	 Disassemble spool and clean parts. Replace spool, if damaged severely.
response is slow.	· Spool is stuck.	 Correct stuck section with oilstone, or replace it.
	· Return spring is broken or fatigued.	· Replace spring.
	· Pilot line is clogged with dirt.	· Remove dirt.
	2) Main relief valve malfunctions. (See 1. 1) above.)	2) Measure pressure of main relief valve (See 1. 1) above.)
	3) Port relief valve malfunctions. (See 1. 1) above.)	3) Measure pressure of port relief valve (See 1. 1) above.)
6. Swing priority	Arm1 logic control valve malfunctions.	Replace Arm 1 logic control valve.
function does not work.	Arm1 logic poppet malfunctions.	Replace Arm 1 logic poppet.
7. Boom and arm	Each confluence spool malfunctions.	Measure secondary pilot pressure.
confluence does not function.	· Spool is stuck.	 Correct stuck section with Oilstone, or replace.
	· Return spring is broken or fatiguen.	· Replace spring.
8. Boom hoisting	Logic control valve malfunctions.	Replacement of logic control valve assy.
operation is slow (insufficient force) or response is slow, during simultaneous operation boom hoisting and swing operate.	Logic poppet malfunctions	Replacement of logic poppet assy.

Phenomenon	Estimated cause	Remedy
9. Arm regeneration cut function does not work.	Arm regeneration cut valve malfunctions. · Dirt is included between spool and sleeve.	 Disassemble valve and clean parts, or replace assembly if damaged severely.
	 Sticking of spool. Spring is broken or fatigued. 	 Correction of sticking portion with oil stone. Replacement of spring.

(3) Relief valve

Phenomenon	Estimated cause	Remedy
1.Pressure does not rise at all.	 Main poppet or pilot poppet in relief valve is stuck or remains open , or dirt is included in 	Check for foreign matter included in mating sections of poppet.
	valve seat.	· Check if parts slide freely.
		\cdot Clean all parts thoroughly.
2. Relief pressure	Pilot poppet seat in relief valve is scored.	· Replace scored parts.
is not steady.		\cdot Clean all parts thoroughly.
3. Relief pressure is	1) Wear due to dirt.	1) Replace scored parts.
not correct.	2) Locknut and adjusting screw are loose.	2) Adjust pressure.
4. Oil leakage	1) Seat is scored. O-ring is worn.	1) Replace scored or worn parts. Check that all parts move smoothly, before reassembling them.
	2) Parts are stuck with dirt.	2) Check them for scratch, notch or foreign matter, before reassembling them.

3. SWING DEVICE

1) WEARING PARTS

Inspection item	Standard dimension	Recommended replacement value	Counter measures	
Clearance between piston and cylinder block bore	0.028	0.058	Replace piston or cylinder block	
Play between piston and shoe caulking section (δ)	0	0.3	Replace assembly of piston and shoe	
Thickness of shoe (t)	5.5	5.3	Replace assembly of piston and shoe	
Combined height of retainer plate and spherical bushing (H-h)	6.5	6.0	Replace set of retainer plate and sperical bushing	
Thickness of friction plate	4.0	3.6	Replace	
			H H	

2) SLIDING PARTS

Part name	Standard roughness	Allowable roughness	Remark
Shoe	0.8-Z (Ra=0.2) (LAPPING)	3-Z (Ra=0.8)	
Shoe plate	0.4-Z (Ra=0.1) (LAPPING)	3-Z (Ra=0.8)	
Cylinder	1.6-Z (Ra=0.4) (LAPPING)	12.5-Z (Ra=3.2)	
Valve plate	0.8-Z (Ra=0.2) (LAPPING)	6.3-Z (Ra=1.6)	

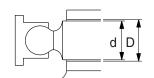
4. TRAVEL MOTOR

Replace parts in accordance with the following standards. However, if a part is damaged significantly in terms of its appearance, replace it irrespective of the standards.

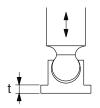
1) WEARING PARTS (TYPE 1)

Part name & inspection item	Standard dimension	Recommended value for replacement	Remedy
Clearance between piston & cylinder bore (D-d)	0.052 mm	0.077 mm	Replacement
Clearance caulked part between piston and shoe (δ)	0.1 mm	0.3 mm	Replacement
Thickness of shoe	5.5 mm	5.3 mm	Replacement
Assembled height of spherical bush and set plate (H-h)	23.8 mm	23.3 mm	Replacement as a set
Free length of cylinder spring	40.9 mm	40.3 mm	Replacement
Shaft over pin dia. Output spline Cylinder spline	43.91 (∅5) 49.06 (∅5)	43.31 mm 48.46 mm	Replacement if either one reaches replacement value.
Spline over dia. Spline in cylinder Spline in spherical bushing	35.25 (Ø5)	35.75 mm	Replacement
Thickness of separation plate Thickness of friction plate	1.5 mm 3.9 mm	1.3 mm 3.7 mm	Replacement
Free length of brake spring	42.4 mm	41.4 mm	Replacement
Displacement over teeth Over pin dia. of friction plate internal teeth	50.02 (7teeth) 152.97 (∅5)	49.42 mm 153.57 mm	Replacement Replacement
Roughness of sliding surfaces Swash plate/shoe Cylinder block/valve plate	0.4 - z 0.4 - z	3 - z 3 - z	Each independent lapping Mutual lapping
Roller bearing Needle bearing	-	-	Replacement if flaking is found on rolling surface.
O-ring Oil seal	-	-	Replacement at every disassembly, in principle.

Part name & inspection item	Standard dimension	Recommended value for replacement	Remedy
Bolt	_	_	Replacement if elongation is found.



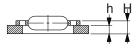
clearance between piston and cylinder bore : D-d



Thickness of shoe : t



Play at caulking between piston and shoe : δ



Assembled height of set plate and spherical bushing : H-h

2) WEARING PARTS (TYPE 2)

Part name & inspection item	Standard dimension	Recommended value for replacement	Remedy
Clearance between piston and cylinder block bore	0.05 mm	0.065 mm	Replace piston or cylinder block
Play between piston and shoe caulking section (k)	0	0.3 mm	Replace assembly of piston and shoe
Thickness of shoe (t)	5.5 mm	5.2 mm	Replace assembly of piston and shoe
Combined height of set plate and ball guide (H-h)	13.5 mm	13.3 mm	Replace set of set plate and ball guide
Thickness of set plate (t1)	6 mm	5.8 mm	If the plate thickness is below 5.8 mm, change the set plate and ball guide at the same time
	t1 F Shoe E	Ball quide	h H H VZZZZZZ

3) REDUCTION GEAR

			1		
Part name & inspection item		Standard dimension	Recommended value for replacement	Remed	у
Pitting or crack of	gear	-	Pitting area rate : 10%	Replacement pittir or crack is found	ng
Motor driving gea spline	r external	Overpin 43.91 (∅5)	43.31 mm		(Z=14)
No. 1 sun gar inte	rnal spline	Overpin 30.25 (∅5)	30.85 mm	Replacement	(Z=14)
Reduction ratio	No. 1 sun gear	Displacement 42.22 (4teeth)	41.92 mm	Do.	(Z=23)
i = 70.145	No. 1 planetary gear	Displacement 43.98 (4teeth)	43.68 mm	Do.	(Z=26)
No. 1 carrier inter	No. 1 carrier internal spline		82.162 mm	Do.	(Z=23)
No. 2 sun gear		Displacement 31.40 (3teeth)	31.10 mm	Do.	(Z=23)
No. 2 planetary ge	ear	Displacement 43.67 (4teeth)	43.37 mm	Do.	(Z=26)
No. 2 carrier inter	nal spline	Overpin 112.24 (Ø10)	112.84 mm	Do.	(Z=25)
No. 3 sun gear		Displacement 54.92 (4teeth)	54.62 mm	Do.	(Z=25)
No. 3 planetary gear		Displacement 54.93 (3teeth)	54.63 mm	Do.	(Z=22)
Ring gear (3rd stages)		Overpin 348.74 (Ø8.5)	349.34 mm	Do.	(Z=71)
Crack and flaking of bearing inner/outer races and rollers		-	-	Replacement if cra flaking is found.	ack or
Crack and flaking of 1st/2nd/3rd planetary gears and pins		-	-	Replacement if cra flaking is found.	ack or

Part name & inspection item	Standard dimension	Recommended value for replacement	Remedy
Radial clearance of needle bearing	0.01-0.04 mm	0.07 mm	Replacement of abnormal parts as a set.
Crack of spline contact part	-	-	Replacement if such damage as crack, crevice of chipping is found.
Backlash of spline contact part	0.1-0.3 mm	0.5 mm	Dimension check and replacement according to following standards.
Thrust ring (026)	7 mm thick	6.6 mm	Replacement if severe wear or
Thrust ring (027)	8 mm thick	7.6 mm	seizure is found on sliding surface.
Floating seal	-	-	Replacement of scratch or rust is found in sliding surface. Replacement if O-ring is deformed of damaged.
Gear oil	SAE 85W-140 (API GL-5)	-	1st time : 500hr 2nd time and later : Every 2000hr After disassembling, fill with new oil without fail. The above times are measured with engine hour meter.

5. RCV LEVER

Maintenance check item	Criteria	Remark
Leakage	The valve is to be replaced when the leakage becomes more than 1000 cc/m at neutral handle position, or more than 2000 cc/m during operation.	Conditions : Primary pressure : 40 kgf/cm ² Oil viscosity : 23 cSt
Spool	This is to be replaced when the sliding surface has worn more than 10 μ m, compared with the non-sliding surface.	The leakage at the left condition is estimated to be nearly equal to the above leakage.
Push rod		
	This is to be replaced when the top end has worn more than 1 mm.	
Play at operating section	The pin, shaft, and joint of the operating section are to be replaced when their plays become more than 2 mm due to wears or so on.	When a play is due to looseness of a tightened section, adjust it.
Operation stability	When abnormal noises, hunting, primary pressure drop, etc. are generated during operation, and these cannot be remedied, referring to section 6. Troubleshooting, replace the related parts.	

Notes 1. It is desirable to replace seal materials, such as O-rings, every disassembling. However, they may be reused, after being confirmed to be free of damage.

6. RCV PEDAL

Maintenance check item	Criteria	Remark
Leakage	The valve is to be replaced when the leakage effect to the system. For example, the primary pressure drop.	Conditions : Primary pressure : 40 kgf/cm ² Oil viscosity : 23 cSt
Spool	This is to be replaced when the sliding surface has worn more than 10 μ m, compared with the non-sliding surface.	The leakage at the left condition is estimated to be nearly equal to the above leakage.
Push rod		
	This is to be replaced when the top end has worn more than 1 mm.	
Play at operating section	The pin, shaft, and joint of the operating section are to be replaced when their plays become more than 2 mm due to wears or so on.	When a play is due to looseness of a tightened section, adjust it.
Operation stability	When abnormal noises, hunting, primary pressure drop, etc. are generated during operation, and these cannot be remedied, referring to section 6. Troubleshooting, replace the related parts.	

Notes 1. It is desirable to replace seal materials, such as O-rings, every disassembling. However, they may be reused, after being confirmed to be free of damage.

7. TURNING JOINT

F	Part name	Maintenance standards	Remedy
	Sliding surface with sealing sections.	Plating worn or peeled due to seizure or contamination.	Replace
	Sliding surface between body and	 Worn abnormality or damaged more than 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) in depth due to seizure contamination. 	Replace
Body, Stem	stem other than sealing section.	· Damaged more than 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) in depth.	Smooth with oilstone.
	Sliding surface	\cdot Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) or abnormality.	Replace
	with thrust plate.	\cdot Worn less than 0.5 mm (0.02 in).	Smooth
		• Damage due to seizure or contamination remediable within wear limit (0.5 mm) (0.02 in).	Smooth
	Sliding surface	\cdot Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) or abnormality.	Replace
Cover	with thrust plate.	\cdot Worn less than 0.5 mm (0.02 in).	Smooth
		• Damage due to seizure or contamination remediable within wear limit (0.5 mm) (0.02 in).	Replace
		· Extruded excessively from seal groove square ring.	Replace
	-	Square ring	
		 Slipper ring 1.5 mm (0.059 in) narrower than seal groove, or narrower than back ring. 	Replace
Seal set	-	1.5mm (max.) (0.059 in)	
		• Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) ~ 1.5 mm (MAX.) (0.059 in)	Replace
	-		

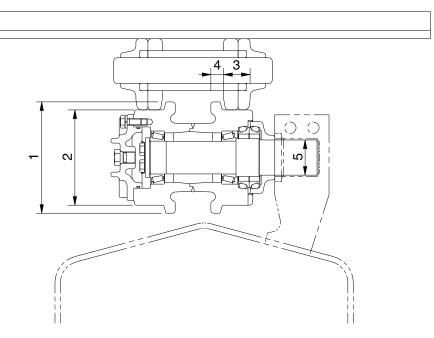
8. CYLINDER

Part name	Inspecting section	Inspection item	Remedy	
Piston rod · Neck of rod pin		· Presence of crack	· Replace	
	· Weld on rod hub	· Presence of crack	· Replace	
	· Stepped part to which piston is attached.	· Presence of crack	·Replace	
	· Threads	· Presence of crack	· Recondition or replace	
		 Plating is not worn off to base metal. 	· Replace or replate	
	Plated surface	· Rust is not present on plating.	· Replace or replate	
		· Scratches are not present.	· Recondition, replate or replace	
	· Rod	· Wear of O.D.	· Recondition, replate or replace	
	· Bushing at mounting part	· Wear of I.D.	· Replace	
Cylinder tube	· Weld on bottom	· Presence of crack	· Replace	
	· Weld on head	· Presence of crack	· Replace	
	· Weld on hub	· Presence of crack	· Replace	
	· Tube interior	· Presence of faults	· Replace if oil leak is seen	
	· Bushing at mounting part	· Wear on inner surface	· Replace	
Gland	· Bushing	· Flaw on inner surface	 Replace if flaw is deeper than coating 	

GROUP 3 TRACK AND WORK EQUIPMENT

1. TRACK

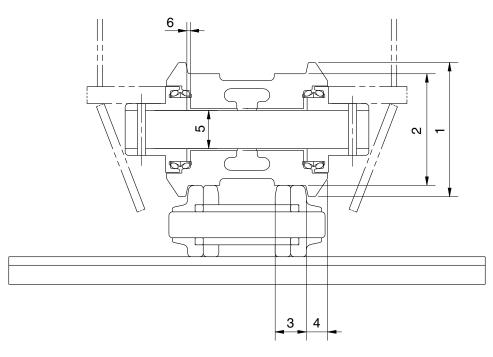
1) UPPER ROLLER



21037MS02 Unit : mm

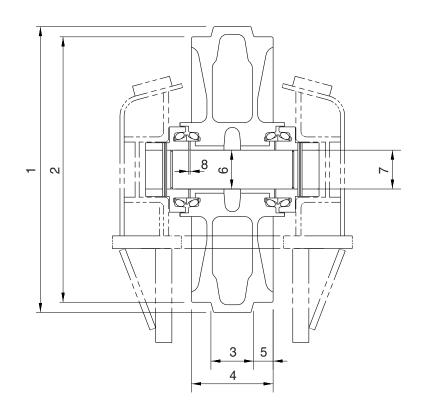
No.	Check item		Criteria					Remedy		
-	Outoido diamotor of flongo		Standard size			Standard size		Repair limit		
	Outside diameter of flange		Øź	200		-	_			
2	Outside diameter of tread		Ø	191		Ø181		Rebuild or replace		
3	Width of tread		51			56		replace		
4	Width of flange		20			-	_			
		S	Standard size	e & Toleranc	e	Otomologia				
	Clearance between shaft	Sh	aft	Ho	ble	Standard Clearanc				
5	and busing	Dimension	Tolerance	Dimension	Tolerance	oloaranoo		Replace bushing		
	and busing	Ø57.15	0 -0.1	Ø57.15	0.3 0.1	0.1~0.4	1.2	g		

2) LOWER ROLLER



21037MS01

No.	Check item		Criteria						
4	Outside dispector of flores	Standard size				Repa			
I	Outside diameter of flange		Øź	250		-			
2	Outside diameter of tread		Ø	200		Ø	188	Rebuild or replace	
3	Width of tread		54.6				60.6		
4	Width of flange		34	1.4	-				
	Clearance between shaft and bushing	Standard size and tolerance				Chandard	Clearance		
		Sh	aft	Ho	ole	Standard	Clearance limit		
5		Dimension	Tolerance	Dimension	Tolerance	Clearance		Replace bushing	
		Ø 8 5	-0.25	Ø 85	0.176	0.279~0.526	2.0	busining	
		-0.35		0.029		0.273~0.320	2.0		
6	Side clearance of roller	Standard clearance				Clearance limit		Replace	
0	(both side)	0.12~1.3 2.0		0.12~1.3			.0	neplace	



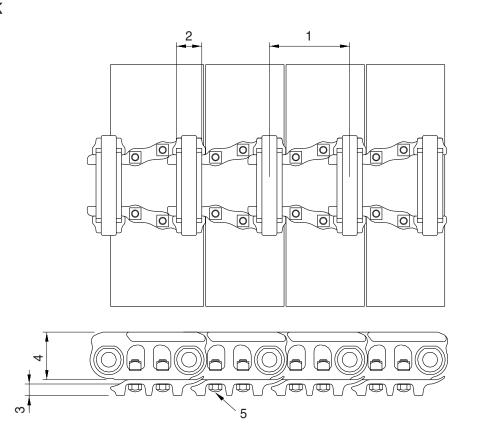
21037MS03

								Unit : mm
No.	Check item			Crite	eria			Remedy
4	Outside diameter of flange		Standa	ard size		Repa		
I	Outside diameter of flange		Ø	646		-	_	
2	Outside diameter of tread		Ø!	594		Ø	580	Rebuild or replace
3	Width of protrusion		1(02		-	_	
4	Total width		20	03		_		
5	Width of tread		50).5	57.5			
	Clearance between shaft and bushing	S	Standard size	e & Toleranc	Ctandard	Clearance		
		Sh	aft	Hole		Standard	Clearance	Replace
6		Dimension	Tolerance	Dimension	Tolerance	oloaranoo		bushing
		Ø 85	0 -0.035	Ø 85.35	0.05 0	0.35~0.435	2.0	
7	Clearance between shaft and support	Ø 85	0 -0.035	Ø 85	0.09 0.036	0.036~0.125	1.2	Replace
8	Side clearance of idler	Standard clearance				Clearance limit		Replace
0	(both side)		0.25~1.2				2.0	

(Mahcine Serial No. #0481-)

						,		, Unit : mm
No.	Check item			Crite	eria			Remedy
-	Outside diameter of flange		Standard size Repair limit				ir limit	
	Outside diameter of flange		Ø	646		-	_]
2	Outside diameter of tread		Ø	594		Ø	584	Rebuild or
3	Width of protrusion		1(02		_		replace
4	Total width		20	03		-		
5	Width of tread		50).5		55.5		
	Clearance between shaft and bushing	Standard size & Tolerance				Chanadard	Clearanaa	
		Sh	aft	Ho	ole	Standard	Clearance	Replace
6		Dimension	Tolerance	Dimension	Tolerance	ologianoc		bushing
		Ø 95	0 -0.035	Ø 95	0.4 0.35	0.35~0.435 2.0		9
7	Clearance between shaft and support	Ø 95	0 -0.035	Ø 95	0.09 0.036	0.036~0.125	1.2	Replace
8	Side clearance of idler	Standard clearance				Clearance limit		Replace bushing
0	(both side)	0.25~1.2				2.0		

7-38



Unit : mm

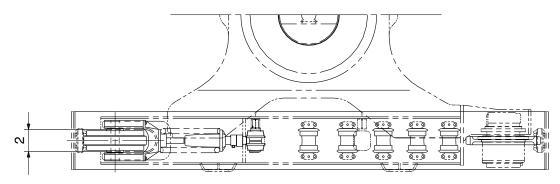
21037MS04

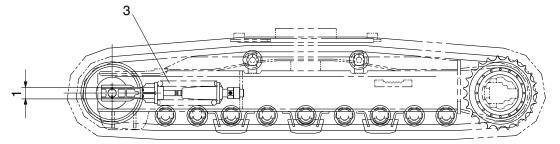
No.	Check item	Crit	Remedy		
_	Link nitch	Standard size Repa		Turn or	
	Link pitch	215.9	220.9	replace	
2	Outside diameter of bushing	Ø71	Ø 60.4		
3	Height of grouser	36	21	Rebuild or replace	
4	Height of link	129	115	ropicoo	
5	Tightening torque	Initial tightening torque : 140	Retighten		

(Mahcine Serial No. #0481-)

No.	Check item	Crit	Remedy	
4	Link pitch	Standard size		Turn or
		215.9	220.9	replace
2	Outside diameter of bushing	Ø71	Ø 60.4	
3	Height of grouser	49	34	Rebuild or replace
4	Height of link	129	115	
5	Tightening torque (Tightening angle method)	Initial tightening torque : 50 ± Additional tightening angle :	Retighten	

5) TRACK FRAME AND RECOIL SPRING





21037MS05

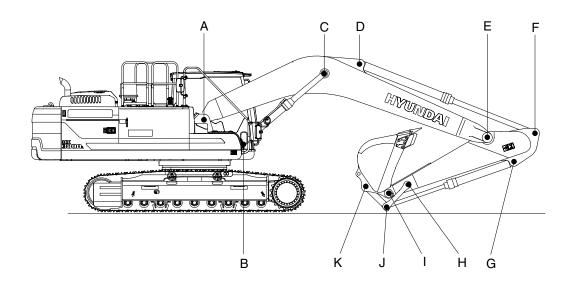
Unit : mm

No.	Check item		Criteria					
				Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit	Rebuild or replace	
1 V	Vertical width of idler guide	Track frame		123	2.0 -1.0	127		
		Idler support		120	0 -1.5	116		
2	2 Horizontal width of idler guide		Track frame		2.0 -1.0	296		
	Ū.	Idler s	upport	290	_	287		
			Standard size	9	Repair limit			
3	Recoil spring	Free length	Installation length	Installation load	Free length	Installation load	Replace	
		740	595	24500 kg	-	19600 kg		

(Mahcine Serial No. #0481-)

No.	Check item		Criteria					
				Standard size	Tolerance	Repair limit		
1	1 Vertical width of idler guide	Track	frame	133	2.0 0	137	Rebuild or replace	
		ldler s	upport	130	0.5 -0.5	126		
		Track frame		292	_	296		
2	2 Horizontal width of idler guide		Idler support		0.5 -0.5	287		
			Standard size	Э	Repa			
3	Recoil spring	Free length	Installation length	Installation load	Free length	Installation load	Replace	
		857	707	24375 kg	_	19600 kg		

2. WORK EQUIPMENT



380A7MS31

	Measuring point (Pin and Bushing)		Pi	Pin		Bushing	
Mark		Normal value	Recomm. service limit	Limit of use	Recomm. service limit	Limit of use	Remedy & Remark
А	Boom Rear	120	119	118.5	120.5	121	Replacement
В	Boom Cylinder Head	100	99	98.5	100.5	101	"
С	Boom Cylinder Rod	110	109	108.5	110.5	111	"
D	Arm Cylinder Head	110	109	108.5	110.5	111	"
E	Boom Front	110	109	108.5	110.5	111	"
F	Arm Cylinder Rod	110	109	108.5	110.5	111	"
G	Bucket Cylinder Head	90	89	88.5	90.5	91	"
Н	Arm Link	90	89	88.5	90.5	91	"
I	Bucket and Arm Link	100	99	98.5	100.5	101	//
J	Bucket Cylinder Rod	90	89	88.5	90.5	91	"
K	Bucket Link	100	99	98.5	100.5	101	"